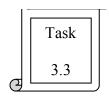
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Name

Homeroom: College PENN



Course: US History/Ms. Brown

7th Grade US History Standard #7H123 - Do Now - Day #22

Aims: SWBAT describe the role of diseases in decimating the indigenous populations of the Americas and the Caribbean SWBAT explain the Columbian Exchange and analyze its global impact

DO NOW

lmagın cultura	the that a group of aliens just touched down on earth. They have landed in the Eastern Woodlands all region.
1.	What resources are available to the aliens from Mars?
2.	What are three things that they will do to survive in the Eastern Woodlands?
3.	A different group of aliens from Venus landed in Antarctica (brrr). What are three things they will do to survive?
4.	Why do the two groups of aliens live such different lives?

US History, Ms. Brown Need Help? **Email:** abrown@democracyprep.org or **Call** 646.477.2663



Homeroom:

Name

Date:

Use the map below to answer the following questions on the Columbian Exchange.



- 1. What continents were involved in the trade?
- 2. What are two items that were brought to the Americas?
- 3. What are two items that were brought **from** the Americas?
- 4. Make an inference: What was a positive effect of the Columbian Exchange?
- 5. Make an inference: What will be the effect of new diseases coming to the Americas?



	Task	
<u>a</u>	3.3	

Name		Date:		Homeroom:
		DAILY	DEBRIEF	
Columbia The Colum	n Exch bian Exc	ange change was the exchange of		, and
		between the	(Europe, Africa, As	sia) and the
		(North America & South	America).	
	•	European traders transported	from the	to the
		and from	n the	to the
Goods		This	s changed the	of people throughout the
		world.		
	•	like sma	all pox, measles, and flu w	ere brought from
		and	to the	in
Diseases		the Americas.		
	•	Since the Native people had never bee	n	to the diseases, their bodies were
		not able to fight them off, and million	s died	
Ideas	•	European explorers often		Native Americans to convert to
			·	

Activity One: Where did your breakfast come from?

Directions: Use the Columbian Exchange map to determine where each ingredient came from: The Old World or the New World. Write the ingredients in the correct box depending on where they grew before 1492.

Old World = Europe, Asia, Africa

New World = North America, South America

Breakfast Item	Ingredients	
Chocolate Milk	Milk, Cocoa, Sugar	
Toast	Wheat	
Bacon	Pig	
Home Fries	Potatoes, pepper	

Old World	New World



Name Date: Homeroom:

Activity Two: Primary Source "The Plague Named Smallpox"

"And [even] before the Spaniards had risen against us, a pestilence first came prevalent: the smallpox. It spread over the people as great destruction. Some it quite covered [with pustules] on all parts – their faces, their heads, their breasts, etc. There was great havoc. Very many died of it. They could not walk; they only lay in their resting paces and beds. And if they stirred much did they cry out. Great was its destruction, Covered, mantled, with pustules, very many people died from them."

New York State Department of Health Photograph

- 1. What is described in the passage above?
- 2. Who did the disease described above affect?
- 3. How did the disease affect them?
- 4. Why did the disease not affect the Europeans?
- 5. How do you think the smallpox disease may have helped the Spanish?

Activity Three: Perspectives on Conversion

- 1. Imagine you were a missionary who traveled from Spain to the Americas to convert the Natives. Explain why you have gone and what you hope to do.
- 2. Imagine you were a Native in the Americas. Spanish missionaries have done for you to convert the Natives. Explain how you feel?

Activity Four: Population Graph

Directions: Create a bar graph to show how the population of Europe and the Americas changed after 1492.

Population in Europe and the Americas before 1492 and in 1800.

	Before 1492	1800
Europe	60 million	150 million
Americas	100 million	25 million



Name	Date:	Homeroom:

	150				
	125				
$\overline{\mathbf{s}}$	100				
ion	75				
Population (in millions)	50				
n n	25				
Pog (in	0				
		Europe	Americas	Europe	Americas
		Befo	re 1492	18	000

- 1. Which continent's population declined from 1492 to 1800?
- 2. What caused the population to decline severely?
- 3. Which continent's population grew from 1492 to 1800?
- 4. Why do you think their population might have grown?





	Task	
<u>a</u>	3.3	

Name	Date:	Homeroom:

HOMEWORK

__/10 Mastered/Passing/Not Mastered



Tell whether each item CAME FROM the Old World or the New World

Pumpkin	Sweet Potatoes
Turnips	
Turkeys	Peppers
Disease	Livestock (cattle)
Grains	
World)	be SENT. (Hint: items from the New World will be sent to the Old
Pineapples	Grapes
Peaches	Sugar Cane
So far, each item we've di shown in the image above	scussed has been TRADED or EXCHANGED. What is the one thing that no one would want? Why would no one want it?



Task
3.3



Name	Date:	Homeroom:

Exit Ticket

_____/5 Mastered/Passing/Not Mastered

- 1) The Columbian Exchange was the exchange of goods
 - a) From Europe to Asia
 - b) From Africa to Asia
 - c) From Africa to the Americas
 - d) From North America to South America
- 2) Which of the following was not introduced into the New World as a result of the Columbian Exchange?
 - a) Disease
 - b) Sugar
 - c) Horses
 - d) Maize
- 3) The primary cause of the Columbian Exchange was
 - a) The exploration of the New World
 - b) The spread of diseases from Asia
 - c) The transport of vegetables to Europe
 - d) The natives need for horses
- 4) What was a primary effect of the Columbian Exchange?
 - a) Increased isolation between Europe and America
 - b) Slave trade ended in Eastern Hemisphere
 - c) Diseases spread to the natives of the Americas
 - d) A decrease in trade between North America and Europe